

SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with Safe Work Australia

Revision date: 5 June 2024 Date of previous issue: 29 December 2020 SDS No. 164A-19

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

690 FG Lubricant (Aerosol)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Penetrates and loosens rust, scale, corrosion, dirt, graphite, etc., without injury to the basic metal,

wood, paint or plastic. For equipment in food, beverage and pharmaceutical plants.

Uses advised against: No information available
Reason why uses advised against: Not applicable
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Supplier:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY

860 Salem Street

Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA

Tel. +1 978-469-6446

(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST) SDS requests: <u>www.chesterton.com</u>

E-mail (SDS questions): ProductSDSs@chesterton.com

E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive, Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 – Tel. 905-335-5055

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect) NSW Poisons Information Centre (Australia): 13 11 26

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Safe Work Australia / GHS

Aerosol, Category 1, H222, H229 Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 2, H411

2.1.2. Additional information

For full text of H-statements: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to Safe Work Australia / GHS

Hazard pictograms:





Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statements: P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301/310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 Store locked up.

P410/412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental information: None

2.3. Other hazards

None

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

% Wt.	CAS No.	GHS Classification
35-95	8042-47-5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
5-10	74-98-6	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) Simple Asphyxiant (US/Can.)
0.1-0.9	597-82-0	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M-factor: 10)
0.1-0.3	68411-46-1	Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
	35-95 5-10 0.1-0.9	85-95 8042-47-5 5-10 74-98-6 0.1-0.9 597-82-0

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

Classified according to: Safe Work Australia, GHS

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.

Skin contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Eye contact: Flush eyes for at least 15 minutes with large amounts of water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. See section 8.2.2 for

recommendations on personal protective equipment. It may be dangerous to the person providing

aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water fog

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide and other toxic fumes.

Other hazards: Pressurized containers, when heated, are a potential explosive hazard. Water may cause frothing.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Australian HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 2 Y

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. If removal of ignition sources is not possible, then flush material away with water. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. Observe good work practice - avoid eating, drinking and smoking in the work area while using any hydrocarbons. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C (120°F). Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Ingredients	ACGI	H TLV ²	AUSTR	ALIA ES ³
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Oil mist, mineral	N/A	5	N/A	5
Propane	*	N/A	N/A	N/A
O,O,O-triphenyl phosphorothioate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*}Simple asphyxiant.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering measures

Use only in well-ventilated areas. If exposure limits are exceeded, provide adequate ventilation.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. If exposure limits are exceeded, use approved organic vapor respirator.

Protective gloves: Not normally needed.

Eye and face protection: Safety goggles or glasses.

Other: None

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits

² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values

³ Safe Work Australia, Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liauid not applicable

Colour colorless Kinematic viscosity 17.93 cst @ 40°C (product

only)

< 1

not applicable

not applicable

not applicable

Solubility in water Odour odorless negligible **Odour threshold** not determined Partition coefficient not applicable

n-octanol/water (log value)

299°C (570°F), product only **Boiling point or range** Vapour pressure @ 20°C

not determined Melting point/freezing point Density and/or relative density not determined 0.88 kg/l, product only % Volatile (by volume) 0%, product only Weight per volume 7.32 lbs/gal., product only **Flammability** ignitable Vapour density (air=1) > 1

Lower/upper flammability or explosion limits

not determined

171°C (340°F)

% Aromatics by weight 0%

Rate of evaporation (ether=1)

Method **Autoignition temperature** not determined **Decomposition temperature**

Open Cup, product only Particle characteristics **Explosive properties** no data available Oxidising properties

9.2. Other information

None

Flash point

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames, heat, sparks and red hot surfaces.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Primary route of exposure

Inhalation, skin and eye contact.

under normal use: Acute toxicity -

> Oral: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50, rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Dermal: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50, rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LC50, rat, 4 hours	> 5 mg/l
Propane	LC50, rat, 4 hours	658 mg/l

Skin corrosion/irritation: White mineral oil (petroleum): Not irritating. Serious eye damage/ White mineral oil (petroleum): Not irritating.

irritation:

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Respiratory or skin

Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

sensitisation:

SubstanceTestResultBenzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction
products with 2,4,4-trimethylpenteneSkin sensitization,
guinea pig (OECD 406)Not sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Mutagenicity not suspected for humans.

Substance	Test	Result
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction	Ames test	negative
products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene		

Carcinogenicity:

This product contains no carcinogens as listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the Occupational Safety and Health

Administration (OSHA) or the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA).

Reproductive toxicity:

Not classified, based on available data on components.

Substance	Test	Result
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction	rat, male/female, oral, 1	Effects on fertility
products with 2.4.4-trimethylpentene	generation, OECD 443	

STOT – single exposure:

Not expected to cause toxicity.

No information available

STOT – repeated exposure: Aspiration hazard:

Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema.

Other information:

None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product is not readily biodegradable to OECD criteria but is inherently biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

O,O,O-triphenyl phosphorothioate: has the potential to bioaccumulate.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Liquid. Solubility in water: negligible. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9). White mineral oil (petroleum): expected to exhibit low mobility in soil.

12.5. Endocrine disrupting properties

None known

12.6. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Incinerate absorbed material with a properly licensed facility. Incinerate or fuel blend spent or unused product. Incinerate pressurized containers at an approved facility. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADG/RID/IMDG/ICAO: UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ICAO: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

ADG/IMDG: AEROSOLS

RID: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADG/RID/IMDG/ICAO: 2.1

14.4. Packing group

ADG/RID/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE

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14.5. Environmental hazards

NO ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

IMDG: EMS. F-D, S-U, SHIPPED AS LIMITED QUANTITYADG HAZCHEM CODE: N/A HIN: (1)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. National regulations

None

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods Code **Abbreviations**

and acronyms: ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF: Bioconcentration Factor

cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate

ES: Exposure Standard

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

N/A: Not Applicable NA: Not Available

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL: No Observed Effect Level

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

(Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure

TWA: Time Weighted Average

Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references

Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)

and sources for data: Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals

Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to GHS:

Classification	Classification procedure
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of components
Asp. Tox, H304	On basis of components and test data
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Relevant H-statements: H220: Extremely flammable gas.

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229: Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H361f: Suspected of damaging fertility.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Flame Further information:

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Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 1.2, 1.3, 2.1, 2.2, 3, 4.1, 5.3, 8.1, 9.1, 9.2, 11, 12.1, 12.3, 12.5, 13, 15.1, 16.

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.

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